



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS.

UNITED STATES.

CORRECTION.

On pages 1037, 1038, and 1055 of the PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS, No. 19, May 10, 1901, a typographical error occurs in the third column, in which the year "1890" is printed instead of "1900."

[Reports to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

Smallpox at Killisnoo and Hoonah, Alaska.

JUNEAU, ALASKA, *May 11, 1901.*

SIR: There have been no new cases of smallpox at Sitka since May 1, and all cases doing well at this time. At Killisnoo it is increasing. On May 10, 4 new cases were sent to the pest island, and at Hoonah they are leaving the village and the sick are in need of help, with 15 deaths reported to date. No cases have appeared at this port, and I am examining all outgoing passengers and vaccinating all the local steamboat men.

Respectfully,

SAMUEL C. LEONHARDT,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Smallpox in Indian Territory.

On account of the existence of smallpox in Indian Territory, Passed Assistant Surgeon Stimpson was ordered to proceed to Coalgate and other places in order to confer with and advise the local health authorities as to the best methods of preventing the spread of the disease.

He reports as follows:

[Telegrams.]

COALGATE, IND. T., *May 11, 1901.*

Fifteen cases smallpox in camp; probably 50 other cases in town. Have advised mayor what to do. I leave this evening for Muskogee to confer with Indian agent.

MUSKOGEE, IND. T., *May 11, 1901.*

Have seen Indian agent and everything at Coalgate has been satisfactorily arranged. He states smallpox is epidemic in a mild form in the Territory. Nearly every unvaccinated person in Muskogee and other towns has had it. * * *

Smallpox in Tacoma, Wash.

TACOMA, WASH., *May 9, 1901.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that this city was free from smallpox on April 24, the last case being discharged on that date. On May 1,